

Communications for all in East Africa

EACO GUIDELINES FOR QUALITY OF SERVICE IN MOBILE AND FIXED NETWORKS FOR VOICE SERVICE

MEASUREMENT AND STATISTICAL METHODOLOGIES

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1. Introduction

The term Quality of Service (QoS) is extensively used today, not just in the telecommunication world in which it has its roots, but increasingly regarding broadband, wireless and multimedia services that are based on the IP protocol. Networks and systems are gradually being designed in consideration of the end-to-end performance required by user applications; however, the term QoS is usually not well-defined, is used loosely or, worst of all, misused. Therefore, guidance is needed on how to understand and apply the term QoS.

The term "Quality of Service" addresses technical as well as non-technical aspects affecting a service. Different concepts and guidance have been developed to cover various interests and viewpoints of all parties of telecommunications service market, i.e. users, service providers, network operators, manufacturers and regulators.

This guideline provides to EACO countries, a guidance for "Quality of Service in Mobile and Fixed Networks for Voice Service". The guideline is formed by two documents (Part1: Definitions & Thresholds of QoS Parameters and Part2: Measurement and Statistical Methodologies) which is discussed in this document.

2. Scope

This guideline covers the QoS of voice service in Mobile and fixed networks communication. This guideline is formed by two parts (Part 1 and 2) as follows:

- Part 1: focuses on harmonising "Definitions and Thresholds of QoS Parameters" for EACO member states".
- Part 2: focuses on harmonisation of "Measurement and Statistical methodologies for EACO member states".

This document covers part 2 only; part 1 is covered separately.

3. References

Recommendation ITU-T E.804: « QoS aspects for popular services in mobile networks"

Recommendation ITU-T P.862.3: "Application guide for objective quality measurement based on Recommendations P.862, P.862.1 and P.862.2".

ETSI EG 202 765-1: « Speech and multimedia Transmission Quality (STQ); QoS and network performance metrics and measurement methods; Part 1: General considerations ».

ETSI TS 102 250-4: « Speech and multimedia Transmission Quality (STQ); QoS aspects for popular services in mobile networks; Part 4: Requirements for Quality of Service measurement equipment»

4. Abbreviations and Acronyms

EACO : East African Communication Organisation

NRA : National Regulatory Authorities

ITU : International Telecommunication Union

ITU-T : International Telecommunication Union - Telecoms

QoS : Quality of Service

QoE : Quality of Experience

ETSI : European Telecommunications Standardisation Institute

5. Guidelines

5.1QoS Definition

The International Telecommunication Union (ITU) under its recommendation ITU-T E.800 defines QoS as "Totality of characteristics of a

telecommunications service that bear on its ability to satisfy stated and implied needs of the user of the service."

5.2 Principles of the QoS Methodology

This guideline takes into account the different phases of service provision on the mobile networks as defined by ITU-T and ETSI below:

- i. Network Availability: Probability that the services are made available to users by a mobile network
- ii. Network Accessibility: Probability that the user can successful register on the network, which delivers the service.
- iii. Service Accessibility: Probability that the user can access the service he wants to use.
- iv. Service Integrity: This is the QoS during service provision e.g. speech quality for voice and bit error rate for data among others.
- v. Service Retainability: This describes the availability of service provision until termination in accordance with or against the will of the user. KPIs under this phase include call drop rate and the data cut-off ratio.

This guideline is based on the following principles:

5.2.1 Impartiality and objectivity:

- a) The SIMs to be used must be standard consumer SIMs and without any limitations e.g. fair use, amount consumed, promotion limitations to mention but a few.
- b) Measurements will be carried out under the same conditions for all concerned licensees.
- c) The schedule for measurements shall only be known by the NRA i.e. Licensees should not be made aware in advance of where and when tests will be performed.
- d) Identical terminal equipment shall be used for all operator networks under test. In the process, SIM rotation shall be implemented to cover for any differences between terminals.
- e) To eliminate human error, tests will be carried out automatically as much as feasibly possible.

5.2.2 Representativeness

- a) The parameters selected shall reflect the most common KPIs that affect directly consumer experience.
- b) The measurement schedule shall take into consideration traffic variations over the hours of a day, and the days of the week
- c) Population distribution across the country shall be taken into consideration when deciding on the sample size

5.2.3 Consistency and accuracy

- a) The selected sample size shall be statistically representative and accurately portray the results.
- b) The Test equipment used shall not have any technical obstacle considering the available technologies or KPIs to be measured.
- c) A common test platform shall be used in making observations and collecting field data

5.3Data Sources

Data under this Guideline shall be collected from the following sources:

- i. Data collected through administrative reporting:
- ii. Data collected within networks measurements
- iii. Data collected through drive / walk tests
 - 5.4Quality of Service Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)

The QoS indicators/KPIs will be as per the approved EACO Guidelines namely:

- a) EACO Guidelines for Quality of Service for Voice Service in Mobile and Fixed Networks
- b) EACO Guidelines for Quality of Service of Data Services in Mobile Networks

5.5Measurement Considerations

The following shall be taken into account when undertaking QoS monitoring

5.5.1 Number of observations

This is the sample size that should be representative and big enough to obtain an acceptable accuracy level

5.5.2 Day and time when measurements are done

Monitoring should take into account traffic fluctuations during the time of day and day of the week. Observations should however be avoided at night time, public holidays, weekends and other peculiar event times. This consideration does will not however have an effect on the coverage KPI.

5.5.3 Location i.e. indoor/outdoor, city or rural area, 'in car' etc. Samples should be collected indoor, outdoor and 'in-car' in both rural and urban centres based on the population density.

5.5.4 Position in the rooftop box

The Terminal equipment shall be positioned vertically on a stable and adapted base to provide the best possible transceiver radio conditions. The antennas shall be fixed in a way that complies with recommendations given in ETSI TS 102 250-4 V2.2.1 section 5.5.

5.5.5 Charging profile

Pre-paid SIM cards shall be used for mobile networks. The most popular cards between pre-paid and post-paid shall be used for fixed wired and wireless networks depending on a country.

5.5.6 Speed while driving

During measurements, speed shall be limited to 80 km/h. □The drive test speeds should never exceed the specified road speed limits for the particular roads. Consideration should also be made on the path terrain and condition of the road.

5.5.7 Electrical supply

Electrical supply of the test equipment must be guaranteed by use of a back-up battery to ensure autonomy of the device and optimal radio conditions.

5.5.8 Calls and timers:

The following values, based on ETSI TS 102 250-5 section 4.2.1.1, apply:

• Call duration: 120 s (currently 90 s) to be reviewed at pilot.

- Call window: 165 s (means: call duration + 30 s (for the setup and release phas- es) + 15 s for the minimum pause interval)
- Call set up time out: 20 s

5.6 Periodic reporting and publication

The following principles will apply:

- a) Data shall be collected at least twice a year covering the whole country
- b) Drive test log files shall be shared with all operators on a quarterly basis, as they are collected.
- c) Log files shall be verified as soon as they are received from the field to detect errors and propose corrective actions, and ensure completeness and consistency of the measurements.
- d) Results shall be presented to licensees for comments before publication
- e) Publication shall be done on the NRA website and in at least two popular media newspaper outlets.